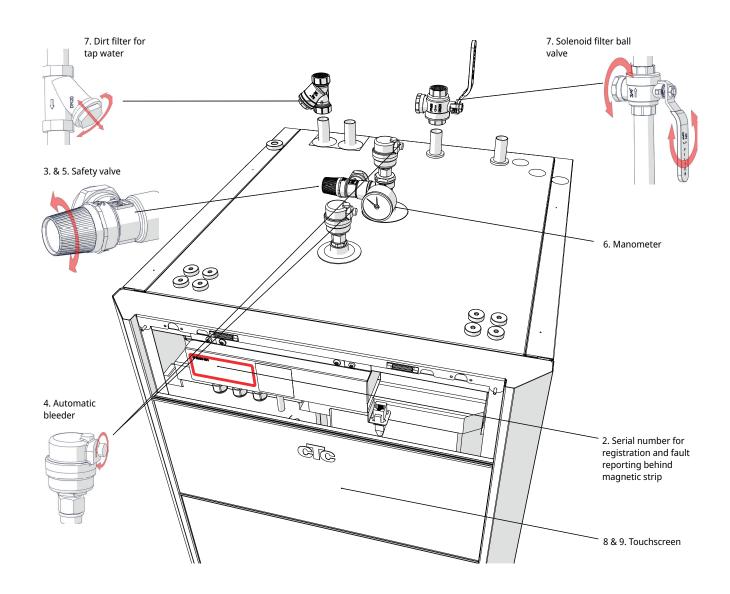


## CTC GS / CTC GSi

Ground source heat pump

- 1. Sign the installation checklist.
- Make sure to register your product for warranty and insurance purposes on our website: www.ctc.se/registrera-din-installation-for-garanti. (Serial no. behind magnetic strip.)
- 3. Bleed radiator system and products approx. one month after installation, and at least once per year.
- Screw in/close the bleeding valve screws on the two automatic bleeding valves approx. 3 months after installation.
- 5. Move/turn the safety valve approx. four times per year.

- Check the system pressure regularly and ask the installer what system pressure your system should have; this will normally be around 1 bar. If the pressure is too low, the system must be refilled.
- 7. Regularly clean the dirt filter (close off incoming tap water; remove and clean the filter) and solenoid filter ball valve (close the flow; remove and clean the filter).
- 8. Set an appropriate heating curve for a comfortable room temperature; check that the thermostat valves on the element or floor heating are set up correctly. These may need to be opened.
- 9. Set the hot water mode according to your requirements.



#### **Touchscreen**

All product settings are set up via the touchscreen. Set the heat and hot water settings here.

#### **Internet & Communication**

Built-in internet access via network cable. Adjust the product directly from your home via a tablet, mobile phone or computer, or remotely via the app.

#### **Outdoor sensor**

Measures outdoor temperature; placement should not be in direct sunlight or where the measured outdoor temperature may be misleading. The outdoor sensor provides the product with information on the current need for heat.

### Room sensor

Measures indoor temperature and finely adjusts the heating curve so that the product runs more evenly. The room sensor is optional and the product can work using only the heating curve. The room sensor should preferably not be activated until the heating curve has been completely adjusted. The room sensor is fitted at a central point in the house, in the most open position possible. This is the best position for the sensor to record an average temperature for the house.

### Clean, safe hot water

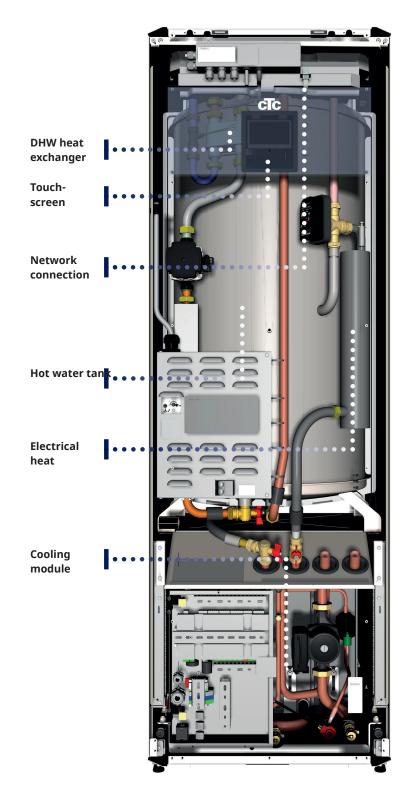
The water in the tank (as in the heat pump and radiators) rises and is layered so that the hottest water surrounds the DHW heat exchanger where the tap water flows through quickly, draws energy and flows out to the tap or shower. This provides fresh hot water and minimises the risk of legionella bacteria.

### **Cooling module**

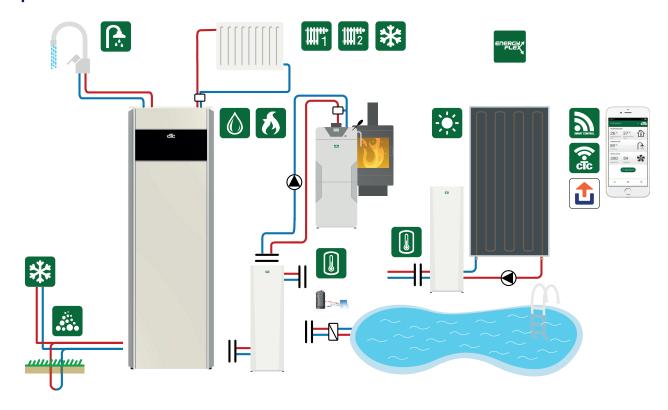
The energy in the bore hole (bedrock) or ground is drawn up by the cooling system. The compressor then increases the temperature to a usable level. Afterwards it releases the energy for the heating circuit and DHW. Remember that the brine fluid must be checked and refilled as needed.

### **Electrical operation**

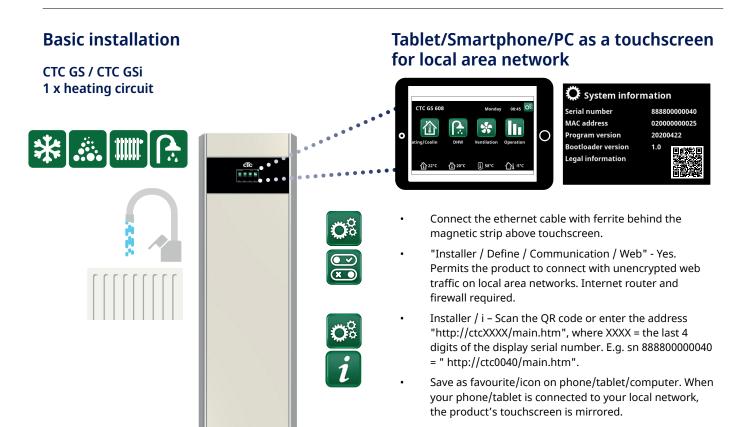
The product can also provide both heating and hot water to the building when running on electricity only. With the heat pump connected, the electric heater works to provide additional heat as needed only. The touchscreen can be used to set whether the electric heater goes in and with how much power.



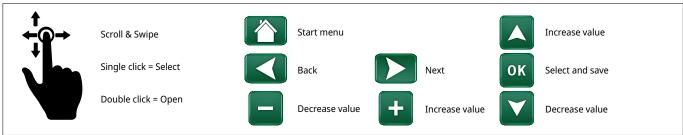
## **Options**

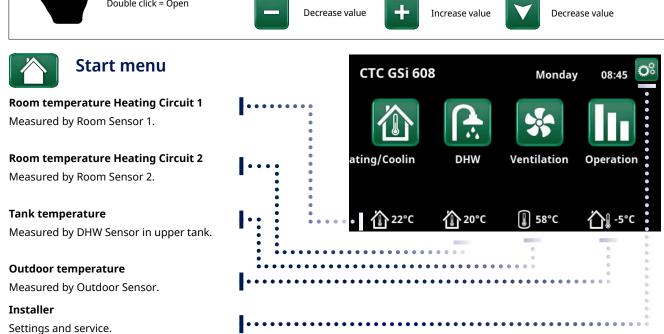


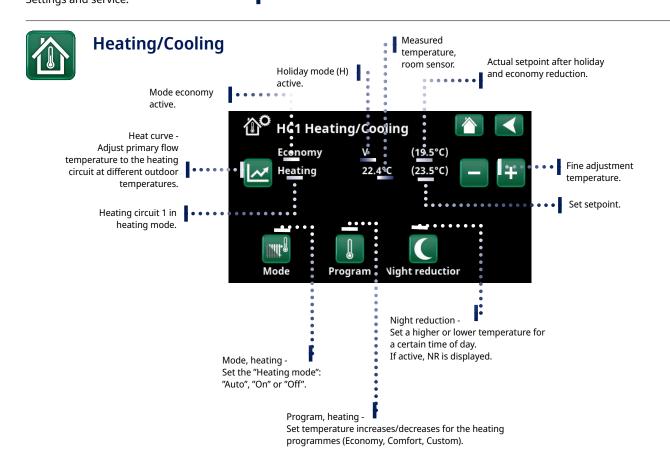
\* In addition to the basic installation, accessories are required such as: Extra sensor, mixing valve group 2, expansion card, etc. Volume tank CTC VT 80 may be required for some houses (see installation manual for more information).



# Navigate on the touchscreen

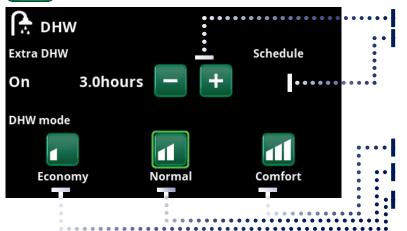








## **DHW**



### **Start Extra DHW Timer**

### Weekly program "Extra DHW"

Tip: Set the time approx. 1 hour earlier than when you need the hot water as it may take some time to heat.

### Select DHW program.

Comfort - Large DHW requirement

Normal - Normal DHW requirement

Economy - Small DHW requirement.

Allow additional heat and electric heater for reliable comfort at all times. To ensure hot water comfort in all operating conditions, it may be necessary to allow additional heat. If there is no heat pump or other heat source installed, these settings need to be changed so that the product can function as an electric boiler. "Installer / Settings / DHW Tank / Add Heat DHW - Yes".



## Ventilation

Refer to the accessory manual. The symbol is only displayed on the home screen if EcoVent is defined.



## **Operating information**

Press the images to see detailed information for each part

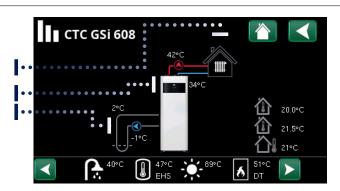


Heating circuit

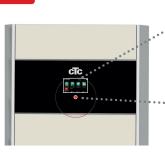
Control and tank

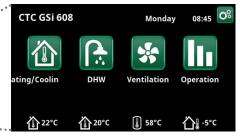
Heat pump

**Functions** 









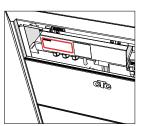
- **Green LED -**Status OK.
- Red/yellow flashing LED Alarm.
- Green flashing diode Operation with active electric heater (only applies to language selection "Danish").
  - **Info message** at bottom.



Refer to the troubleshooting table at the end of the installation manual.



Call your installation engineer in the first instance



The serial number (12 digits) can be found behind the magnetic strip. This number is needs to be given to the installation engineer and CTC support in the event of a fault report.

Serial number XXXX-XXXX

article group-year/week-sequential number



# **Heat settings**

The product regulates itself to provide a constant, comfortable temperature throughout the year using the set heating curve. The curve may need to be changed using the touchscreen if the room temperature feels too cold or hot over time. For information on how to do this, see "Navigate touchscreen" on the previous page. Correction may be required for a few weeks after installation until the system has been matched to the building. For more information, see the Installation and Maintenance Manual, section: The house heating curve.

## Find the right heating curve

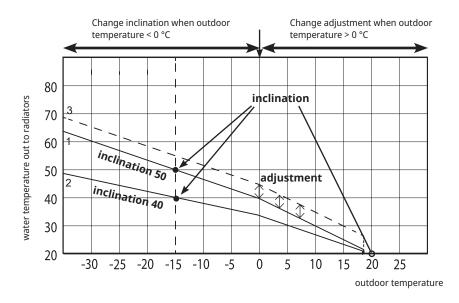
- The heating curve for the house is determined by two main factors: inclination and adjustment. These can be changed to fit the house's energy needs for heating.
- The house's heating needs depend on:

The size of the house (volume/area)

Insulation

Window area

- -> inclination and adjustment increase the more energy is required
- Thermal conductivity of the radiators
  - Elements
  - Floor heating
  - Number of elements/surfaces for heat transfer
  - -> inclination and adjustment decrease the faster energy is discharged



## **Examples of inclination values for different systems**

Floor heating only inclination = 35

Low temperature system (well-insulated houses) inclination = 40

Normal temperature system (factory setting) inclination = 50

High temperature system (older houses, small radiators, poorly insulated) inclination = 60

## **Example in image:**

- 1. Inclination 50, Adjustment 0°
- 2. Inclination 40, Adjustment 0°
- 3. Inclination 50, Adjustment 5°

# **Energy consumption**

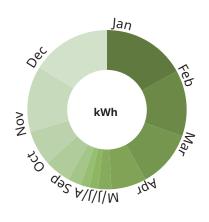
The total energy consumption of the product is linked to:

- The energy needed by the house, which varies significantly through the year depending on the outdoor temperature (see image on energy consumption, right).
- DHW consumption.



### Remember:

- Energy consumption is much higher in the winter months than in the summer months
- · Energy consumption increases when DHW consumption is high
- What is important is the total energy bill for the year.



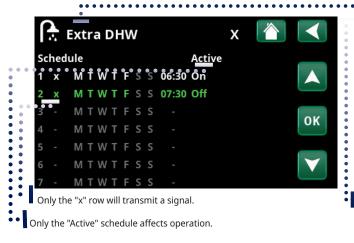
## **Energy-saving tips**

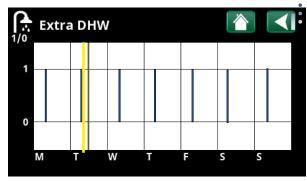
- Make sure that the thermostat valves on the house's element are open in most rooms; only adjust downwards in bedrooms, for example.
- Use the DHW chart for extra DHW to avoid high-temperature operation when it is not needed.
- Install a room sensor; this provides more even heat and compensates for natural solar radiation or other natural heat sources.
- Clean any dirt filters regularly; a deterioration in water flow can increase the electricity used by the circulation pump.
- Make sure the speed of the charge/circulation pump provides the right flow (see the chapter "System adjustments" in the Installation and Maintenance Manual).

## Schedule and remote control

- Extra DHW schedule
- Ventilation
- · Night reduction
- · Heating, mode
- SmartGrid
- Modbus TCP
- Block Passive cooling
- Blocking Pool
- Tariff EL
- Tariff ext. boiler
- Heat pump tariff
- Ripple control
- DHW circulation
- Flow/level switch
- Noise reduction & silent mode, heat pump

Protection function
External control
Schedule
Basic settings





Switch between settings and preview.

A blue bar shows when "Extra Hot Water" is active, a yellow bar marks the current time. The X axis represents the days, Monday to Sunday.



# **Checklist**

Product

## The checklist must always be completed by the installation engineer

- If a service is performed, you may be required to provide this document.
- Installation must always be carried out according to the installation and maintenance instructions.
- Installation must always be carried out in accordance with best professional practice.
- Following installation, the unit must be inspected and checked for functionality.

The points below must be checked off.

<ul> <li>□ Product filled, positioned and adjusted in the correct manner according to the instructions.</li> <li>□ Product positioned so that it can be serviced.</li> <li>□ Capacity of charge pump (G11) adjusted for correct flow.</li> <li>□ Open radiator valves and other relevant valves.</li> <li>□ Tightness test.</li> <li>□ Bleed the system.</li> <li>□ Safety valve function test.</li> <li>□ Waste pipe connected to floor drain.</li> <li>Electrical installation</li> <li>□ Compressor, direction of rotation.</li> </ul>	
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□ Waste pipe connected to floor drain.  Electrical installation	
Electrical installation	
□ Compressor, direction of rotation.	
•	
□ Omnipolar switch.	
☐ Heat pump activated and started.	
☐ Electric power (kW) and fuse, adapted to the property, in heating mode, in hot water mode, BBR and backup m	iode.
□ Correct and taut wiring.	
□ Requisite sensors for selected system.	
□ Outdoor sensor.	
□ Room sensor (optional).	
□ Current sensors.	
□ Accessories.	
Customer information (adapted to the relevant installation)	
□ Start-up with customer/installer	
□ Menus/controls for selected system.	
☐ Installation and Maintenance Manual handed over to the customer.	
□ Check and filling, heating circuit.	
☐ Fine-tuning information, heat curve.	
□ Alarm information.	
□ Safety valve function test.	
□ Review warranty terms and conditions with the customer.	
☐ Register your Installation Certificate at ctc-heating.com.	
□ Information on fault reporting procedures.	
The above points have been reviewed upon installation	
Date/Place Signature/HVAC installation engineer Tel. no.	
Customer's signature Signature/Electrician Tel. no.	

Serial number